

By: Senator(s) Branning, Sparks

To: Insurance

SENATE BILL NO. 2619

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 71-5-355, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
 2 TO CHANGE THE 36-MONTH EXPERIENCE RATING REQUIREMENT UNDER THE
 3 UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION LAW TO 18 MONTHS; TO AMEND SECTION
 4 71-5-513, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE AND DIRECT THE
 5 MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY TO CONDUCT CERTAIN
 6 CHECKS REGARDING DISQUALIFIED CLAIMANTS OF UNEMPLOYMENT
 7 COMPENSATION BENEFITS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

9 **SECTION 1.** Section 71-5-355, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
 10 amended as follows:

11 71-5-355. (1) As used in this section, the following words
 12 and phrases shall have the following meanings, unless the context
 13 clearly requires otherwise:

14 (a) "Tax year" means any period beginning on January 1
 15 and ending on December 31 of a year.

16 (b) "Computation date" means June 30 of any calendar
 17 year immediately preceding the tax year during which the
 18 particular contribution rates are effective.

19 (c) "Effective date" means January 1 of the tax year.



20 (d) Except as hereinafter provided, "payroll" means the
21 total of all wages paid for employment by an employer as defined
22 in Section 71-5-11, subsection H, plus the total of all
23 remuneration paid by such employer excluded from the definition of
24 wages by Section 71-5-351. For the computation of modified rates,
25 "payroll" means the total of all wages paid for employment by an
26 employer as defined in Section 71-5-11, subsection H.

27 (e) For the computation of modified rates, "eligible
28 employer" means an employer whose experience-rating record has
29 been chargeable with benefits throughout the * * * eighteen (18)
30 consecutive calendar-month period ending on the computation date,
31 except that any employer who has not been subject to the
32 Mississippi Employment Security Law for a period of time
33 sufficient to meet the * * * eighteen (18) consecutive
34 calendar-month requirement shall be an eligible employer if his
35 experience-rating record has been chargeable throughout not less
36 than the twelve (12) consecutive calendar-month period ending on
37 the computation date. No employer shall be considered eligible
38 for a contribution rate less than five and four-tenths percent
39 (5.4%) with respect to any tax year, who has failed to file any
40 two (2) quarterly reports within the qualifying period by
41 September 30 following the computation date. No employer or
42 employing unit shall be eligible for a contribution rate of less
43 than five and four-tenths percent (5.4%) for the tax year in which
44 the employing unit is found by the department to be in violation



45 of Section 71-5-19(2) or (3) and for the next two (2) succeeding
46 tax years. No representative of such employing unit who was a
47 party to a violation as described in Section 71-5-19(2) or (3), if
48 such representative was or is an employing unit in this state,
49 shall be eligible for a contribution rate of less than five and
50 four-tenths percent (5.4%) for the tax year in which such
51 violation was detected by the department and for the next two (2)
52 succeeding tax years.

53 (f) With respect to any tax year, "reserve ratio" means
54 the ratio which the total amount available for the payment of
55 benefits in the Unemployment Compensation Fund, excluding any
56 amount which has been credited to the account of this state under
57 Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, and which has
58 been appropriated for the expenses of administration pursuant to
59 Section 71-5-457 whether or not withdrawn from such account, on
60 October 31 (close of business) of each calendar year bears to the
61 aggregate of the taxable payrolls of all employers for the twelve
62 (12) calendar months ending on June 30 next preceding.

63 (g) "Modified rates" means the rates of employer
64 unemployment insurance contributions determined under the
65 provisions of this chapter and the rates of newly subject
66 employers, as provided in Section 71-5-353.

67 (h) For the computation of modified rates, "qualifying
68 period" means a period of not less than the * * * eighteen (18)
69 consecutive calendar months ending on the computation date



70 throughout which an employer's experience-rating record has been
71 chargeable with benefits; except that with respect to any eligible
72 employer who has not been subject to this article for a period of
73 time sufficient to meet the * * * eighteen (18) consecutive
74 calendar-month requirement, "qualifying period" means the period
75 ending on the computation date throughout which his
76 experience-rating record has been chargeable with benefits, but in
77 no event less than the twelve (12) consecutive calendar-month
78 period ending on the computation date throughout which his
79 experience-rating record has been so chargeable.

80 (i) The "exposure criterion" (EC) is defined as the
81 cash balance of the Unemployment Compensation Fund which is
82 available for the payment of benefits as of November 16 of each
83 calendar year or the next working day if November 16 falls on a
84 holiday or a weekend, divided by the total wages, exclusive of
85 wages paid by all state agencies, all political subdivisions,
86 reimbursable nonprofit corporations, and tax-exempt public service
87 employment, for the twelve-month period ending June 30 immediately
88 preceding such date. The EC shall be computed to four (4) decimal
89 places and rounded up if any fraction remains.

90 (j) The "cost rate criterion" (CRC) is defined as
91 follows: Beginning with January 1974, the benefits paid for the
92 twelve-month period ending December 1974 are summed and divided by
93 the total wages for the twelve-month period ending on June 30,
94 1975. Similar ratios are computed by subtracting the earliest



95 month's benefit payments and adding the benefits of the next month
96 in the sequence and dividing each sum of twelve (12) months'
97 benefits by the total wages for the twelve-month period ending on
98 the June 30 which is nearest to the final month of the period used
99 to compute the numerator. If December is the final month of the
100 period used to compute the numerator, then the twelve-month period
101 ending the following June 30 will be used for the denominator.
102 Benefits and total wages used in the computation of the cost rate
103 criterion shall exclude all benefits and total wages applicable to
104 state agencies, political subdivisions, reimbursable nonprofit
105 corporations, and tax-exempt PSE employment.

106 The CRC shall be computed as the average for the highest
107 monthly value of the cost rate criterion computations during each
108 of the economic cycles since the calendar year 1974 as defined by
109 the National Bureau of Economic Research. The CRC shall be
110 computed to four (4) decimal places and any remainder shall be
111 rounded up.

112 The CRC shall be adjusted only through annual computations
113 and additions of future economic cycles.

114 (k) "Size of fund index" (SOFI) is defined as the ratio
115 of the exposure criterion (EC) to the cost rate criterion (CRC).
116 The target size of fund index will be fixed at 1.0. If the
117 insured unemployment rate (IUR) exceeds a four and five-tenths
118 percent (4.5%) average for the most recent completed July to June
119 period, the target SOFI will be .8 and will remain at that level



120 until the computed SOFI (the average exposure criterion of the
121 current year and the preceding year divided by the average cost
122 rate criterion) equals 1.0 or the average IUR falls to four and
123 five-tenths percent (4.5%) or less for any period July to June.
124 However, if the IUR falls below two and five-tenths percent (2.5%)
125 for any period July to June the target SOFI shall be 1.2 until
126 such time as the computed SOFI is equal to or greater than 1.0 or
127 the IUR is equal to or greater than two and five-tenths percent
128 (2.5%), at which point the target SOFI shall return to 1.0.

129 (1) No employer's unemployment contribution general
130 experience rate plus individual unemployment experience rate shall
131 exceed five and four-tenths percent (5.4%). Accrual rules shall
132 apply for purposes of computing contribution rates including
133 associated functions.

134 (m) The term "general experience rate" has the same
135 meaning as the minimum tax rate.

136 (2) Modified rates:

137 (a) For any tax year, when the reserve ratio on the
138 preceding November 16, in the case of any tax year, equals or
139 exceeds three percent (3%), the modified rates, as hereinafter
140 prescribed, shall be in effect. In computation of this reserve
141 ratio, any remainder shall be rounded down.

142 (b) Modified rates shall be determined for the tax year
143 for each eligible employer on the basis of his experience-rating
144 record in the following manner:



145 (i) The department shall maintain an
146 experience-rating record for each employer. Nothing in this
147 chapter shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals
148 performing services for him any prior claim or rights to the
149 amounts paid by the employer into the fund.

150 (ii) Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall
151 be charged against the experience-rating record of his base period
152 employers in the proportion to which the wages paid by each base
153 period employer bears to the total wages paid to the individual by
154 all the base period employers, provided that benefits shall not be
155 charged to an employer's experience-rating record if the
156 department finds that the individual:

157 1. Voluntarily left the employ of such
158 employer without good cause attributable to the employer or to
159 accept other work;

160 2. Was discharged by such employer for
161 misconduct connected with his work;

162 3. Refused an offer of suitable work by such
163 employer without good cause, and the department further finds that
164 such benefits are based on wages for employment for such employer
165 prior to such voluntary leaving, discharge or refusal of suitable
166 work, as the case may be;

167 4. Had base period wages which included wages
168 for previously uncovered services as defined in Section
169 71-5-511(e) to the extent that the Unemployment Compensation Fund



170 is reimbursed for such benefits pursuant to Section 121 of Public
171 Law 94-566;

172 5. Extended benefits paid under the
173 provisions of Section 71-5-541 which are not reimbursable from
174 federal funds shall be charged to the experience-rating record of
175 base period employers;

176 6. Is still working for such employer on a
177 regular part-time basis under the same employment conditions as
178 hired. Provided, however, that benefits shall be charged against
179 an employer if an eligible individual is paid benefits who is
180 still working for such employer on a part-time "as-needed" basis;

181 7. Was hired to replace a United States
182 serviceman or servicewoman called into active duty and was laid
183 off upon the return to work by that serviceman or servicewoman,
184 unless such employer is a state agency or other political
185 subdivision or instrumentality of the state;

186 8. Was paid benefits during any week while in
187 training with the approval of the department, under the provisions
188 of Section 71-5-513B, or for any week while in training approved
189 under Section 236(a) (1) of the Trade Act of 1974, under the
190 provisions of Section 71-5-513C;

191 9. Is not required to serve the one-week
192 waiting period as described in Section 71-5-505(2). In that
193 event, only the benefits paid in lieu of the waiting period week
194 may be noncharged; or



195 10. Was paid benefits as a result of a
196 fraudulent claim, provided notification was made to the
197 Mississippi Department of Employment Security in writing or by
198 email by the employer, within ten (10) days of the mailing of the
199 notice of claim filed to the employer's last-known address.

200 (iii) Notwithstanding any other provision
201 contained herein, an employer shall not be noncharged when the
202 department finds that the employer or the employer's agent of
203 record was at fault for failing to respond timely or adequately to
204 the request of the department for information relating to an
205 unemployment claim that was subsequently determined to be
206 improperly paid, unless the employer or the employer's agent of
207 record shows good cause for having failed to respond timely or
208 adequately to the request of the department for information. For
209 purposes of this subparagraph "good cause" means an event that
210 prevents the employer or employer's agent of record from timely
211 responding, and includes a natural disaster, emergency or similar
212 event, or an illness on the part of the employer, the employer's
213 agent of record, or their staff charged with responding to such
214 inquiries when there is no other individual who has the knowledge
215 or ability to respond. Any agency error that resulted in a delay
216 in, or the failure to deliver notice to, the employer or the
217 employer's agent of record shall also be considered good cause for
218 purposes of this subparagraph.



219 (iv) The department shall compute a benefit ratio
220 for each eligible employer, which shall be the quotient obtained
221 by dividing the total benefits charged to his experience-rating
222 record during the period his experience-rating record has been
223 chargeable, but not less than the twelve (12) consecutive
224 calendar-month period nor more than the * * * eighteen (18)
225 consecutive calendar-month period ending on the computation date,
226 by his total taxable payroll for the same period on which all
227 unemployment insurance contributions due have been paid on or
228 before the September 30 immediately following the computation
229 date. Such benefit ratio shall be computed to the tenth of a
230 percent (.1%), rounding any remainder to the next higher tenth.

231 (v) 1. The unemployment insurance contribution
232 rate for each eligible employer shall be the sum of two (2) rates:
233 his individual experience rate in the range from zero percent (0%)
234 to five and four-tenths percent (5.4%), plus a general experience
235 rate. In no event shall the resulting unemployment insurance rate
236 be in excess of five and four-tenths percent (5.4%), however, it
237 is the intent of this section to provide the ability for employers
238 to have a tax rate, the general experience rate plus the
239 individual experience rate, of up to five and four-tenths percent
240 (5.4%).

241 2. The employer's individual experience rate
242 shall be equal to his benefit ratio as computed under subsection
243 (2) (b) (iv) above.



244 3. The general experience rate shall be
245 determined in the following manner: The department shall
246 determine annually, for the thirty-six (36) consecutive
247 calendar-month period ending on the computation date, the amount
248 of benefits which were not charged to the record of any employer
249 and of benefits which were ineffectively charged to the employer's
250 experience-rating record. For the purposes of this item 3, the
251 term "ineffectively charged benefits" shall include:

252 a. The total of the amounts of benefits
253 charged to the experience-rating records of all eligible employers
254 which caused their benefit ratios to exceed five and four-tenths
255 percent (5.4%);

256 b. The total of the amounts of benefits
257 charged to the experience-rating records of all ineligible
258 employers which would cause their benefit ratios to exceed five
259 and four-tenths percent (5.4%) if they were eligible employers;
260 and

261 c. The total of the amounts of benefits
262 charged or chargeable to the experience-rating record of any
263 employer who has discontinued his business or whose coverage has
264 been terminated within such period; provided, that solely for the
265 purposes of determining the amounts of ineffectively charged
266 benefits as herein defined, a "benefit ratio" shall be computed
267 for each ineligible employer, which shall be the quotient obtained
268 by dividing the total benefits charged to his experience-rating



269 record throughout the period ending on the computation date,
270 during which his experience-rating record has been chargeable with
271 benefits, by his total taxable payroll for the same period on
272 which all unemployment insurance contributions due have been paid
273 on or before the September 30 immediately following the
274 computation date; and provided further, that such benefit ratio
275 shall be computed to the tenth of one percent (.1%) and any
276 remainder shall be rounded to the next higher tenth.

277 The ratio of the sum of these amounts (subsection
278 (2) (b) (v) 3a, b and c) to the taxable wages paid during the same
279 period divided by all eligible employers whose benefit ratio did
280 not exceed five and four-tenths percent (5.4%), computed to the
281 next higher tenth of one percent (.1%), shall be the general
282 experience rate; however, the general experience rate for rate
283 year 2014 shall be two tenths of one percent (.2%) and to that
284 will be added the employer's individual experience rate for the
285 total unemployment insurance rate.

286 4. a. Except as otherwise provided in this
287 item 4, the general experience rate shall be adjusted by use of
288 the size of fund index factor. This factor may be positive or
289 negative, and shall be determined as follows: From the target
290 SOFI, as defined in subsection (1) (k) of this section, subtract
291 the simple average of the current and preceding years' exposure
292 criteria divided by the cost rate criterion, as defined in
293 subsection (1) (j) of this section. The result is then multiplied



294 by the product of the CRC, as defined in subsection (1)(j) of this
295 section, and total wages for the twelve-month period ending June
296 30 divided by the taxable wages for the twelve-month period ending
297 June 30. This is the percentage positive or negative added to the
298 general experience rate. The sum of the general experience rate
299 and the trust fund adjustment factor shall be multiplied by fifty
300 percent (50%) and this product shall be computed to one (1)
301 decimal place, and rounded to the next higher tenth.

302 b. Notwithstanding the minimum rate
303 provisions as set forth in subsection (1)(l) of this section, the
304 general experience rate of all employers shall be reduced by seven
305 one-hundredths of one percent (.07%) for calendar year 2013 only.

306 5. The general experience rate shall be zero
307 percent (0%) unless the general experience ratio for any tax year
308 as computed and adjusted on the basis of the trust fund adjustment
309 factor and reduced by fifty percent (50%) is an amount equal to or
310 greater than two-tenths of one percent (.2%), then the general
311 experience rate shall be the computed general experience ratio and
312 adjusted on the basis of the trust fund adjustment factor and
313 reduced by fifty percent (50%); however, in no case shall the sum
314 of the general experience plus the individual experience
315 unemployment insurance rate exceed five and four-tenths percent
316 (5.4%). For rate years subsequent to 2014, Mississippi Workforce
317 Enhancement Training contribution rate, and/or State Workforce
318 Investment contribution rate, and/or Mississippi Works



319 contribution rate, when in effect, shall be added to the
320 unemployment contribution rate, regardless of whether the addition
321 of this contribution rate causes the total contribution rate for
322 the employer to exceed five and four-tenths percent (5.4%).

323 6. The department shall include in its annual
324 rate notice to employers a brief explanation of the elements of
325 the general experience rate, and shall include in its regular
326 publications an annual analysis of benefits not charged to the
327 record of any employer, and of the benefit experience of employers
328 by industry group whose benefit ratio exceeds four percent (4%),
329 and of any other factors which may affect the size of the general
330 experience rate.

331 7. Notwithstanding any other provision
332 contained herein, the general experience rate for calendar year
333 2021 shall be zero percent (0%). Charges attributed to each
334 employer's individual experience rate for the period March 8,
335 2020, through June 30, 2020, will not impact the employer's
336 individual experience rate calculations for purposes of
337 calculating the total unemployment insurance rate for 2021 and the
338 two (2) subsequent tax rate years. Moreover, charges attributed
339 to each employer's individual experience rate for the period July
340 1, 2020, through December 31, 2020, will not impact the employer's
341 individual experience rate calculations for purposes of
342 calculating the total unemployment insurance rate for 2022 and the
343 two (2) subsequent tax rate years.



344 (vi) When any employing unit in any manner
345 succeeds to or acquires the organization, trade, business or
346 substantially all the assets thereof of an employer, excepting any
347 assets retained by such employer incident to the liquidation of
348 his obligations, whether or not such acquiring employing unit was
349 an employer within the meaning of Section 71-5-11, subsection H,
350 prior to such acquisition, and continues such organization, trade
351 or business, the experience-rating and payroll records of the
352 predecessor employer shall be transferred as of the date of
353 acquisition to the successor employer for the purpose of rate
354 determination.

355 (vii) When any employing unit succeeds to or
356 acquires a distinct and severable portion of an organization,
357 trade or business, the experience-rating and payroll records of
358 such portion, if separately identifiable, shall be transferred to
359 the successor upon:

360 1. The mutual consent of the predecessor and
361 the successor;

362 2. Approval of the department;

363 3. Continued operation of the transferred
364 portion by the successor after transfer; and

365 4. The execution and the filing with the
366 department by the predecessor employer of a waiver relinquishing
367 all rights to have the experience-rating and payroll records of



368 the transferred portion used for the purpose of determining
369 modified rates of contribution for such predecessor.

370 (viii) If the successor was an employer subject to
371 this chapter prior to the date of acquisition, it shall continue
372 to pay unemployment insurance contributions at the rate applicable
373 to it from the date the acquisition occurred until the end of the
374 then current tax year. If the successor was not an employer prior
375 to the date of acquisition, it shall pay unemployment insurance
376 contributions at the rate applicable to the predecessor or, if
377 more than one (1) predecessor and the same rate is applicable to
378 both, the rate applicable to the predecessor or predecessors, from
379 the date the acquisition occurred until the end of the then
380 current tax year. If the successor was not an employer prior to
381 the date the acquisition occurred and simultaneously acquires the
382 businesses of two (2) or more employers to whom different rates of
383 unemployment insurance contributions are applicable, it shall pay
384 unemployment insurance contributions from the date of the
385 acquisition until the end of the current tax year at a rate
386 computed on the basis of the combined experience-rating and
387 payroll records of the predecessors as of the computation date for
388 such tax year. In all cases the rate of unemployment insurance
389 contributions applicable to such successor for each succeeding tax
390 year shall be computed on the basis of the combined
391 experience-rating and payroll records of the successor and the
392 predecessor or predecessors.



393 (ix) The department shall notify each employer
394 quarterly of the benefits paid and charged to his
395 experience-rating record; and such notification, in the absence of
396 an application for redetermination filed within thirty (30) days
397 after the date of such notice, shall be final, conclusive and
398 binding upon the employer for all purposes. A redetermination,
399 made after notice and opportunity for a fair hearing, by a hearing
400 officer designated by the department who shall consider and decide
401 these and related applications and protests; and the finding of
402 fact in connection therewith may be introduced into any subsequent
403 administrative or judicial proceedings involving the determination
404 of the rate of unemployment insurance contributions of any
405 employer for any tax year, and shall be entitled to the same
406 finality as is provided in this subsection with respect to the
407 findings of fact in proceedings to redetermine the contribution
408 rate of an employer.

409 (x) The department shall notify each employer of
410 his rate of contribution as determined for any tax year as soon as
411 reasonably possible after September 1 of the preceding year. Such
412 determination shall be final, conclusive and binding upon such
413 employer unless, within thirty (30) days after the date of such
414 notice to his last-known address, the employer files with the
415 department an application for review and redetermination of his
416 contribution rate, setting forth his reasons therefor. If the
417 department grants such review, the employer shall be promptly



418 notified thereof and shall be afforded an opportunity for a fair
419 hearing by a hearing officer designated by the department who
420 shall consider and decide these and related applications and
421 protests; but no employer shall be allowed, in any proceeding
422 involving his rate of unemployment insurance contributions or
423 contribution liability, to contest the chargeability to his
424 account of any benefits paid in accordance with a determination,
425 redetermination or decision pursuant to Sections 71-5-515 through
426 71-5-533 except upon the ground that the services on the basis of
427 which such benefits were found to be chargeable did not constitute
428 services performed in employment for him, and then only in the
429 event that he was not a party to such determination,
430 redetermination, decision or to any other proceedings provided in
431 this chapter in which the character of such services was
432 determined. The employer shall be promptly notified of the denial
433 of this application or of the redetermination, both of which shall
434 become final unless, within ten (10) days after the date of notice
435 thereof, there shall be an appeal to the department itself. Any
436 such appeal shall be on the record before said designated hearing
437 officer, and the decision of said department shall become final
438 unless, within thirty (30) days after the date of notice thereof
439 to the employer's last-known address, there shall be an appeal to
440 the Circuit Court of the First Judicial District of Hinds County,
441 Mississippi, in accordance with the provisions of law with respect
442 to review of civil causes by certiorari.



443 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
444 following shall apply regarding assignment of rates and transfers
445 of experience:

446 (a) (i) If an employer transfers its trade or
447 business, or a portion thereof, to another employer and, at the
448 time of the transfer, there is substantially common ownership,
449 management or control of the two (2) employers, then the
450 unemployment experience attributable to the transferred trade or
451 business shall be transferred to the employer to whom such
452 business is so transferred. The rates of both employers shall be
453 recalculated and made effective on January 1 of the year following
454 the year the transfer occurred.

455 (ii) If, following a transfer of experience under
456 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (a), the department determines
457 that a substantial purpose of the transfer of trade or business
458 was to obtain a reduced liability of unemployment insurance
459 contributions, then the experience-rating accounts of the
460 employers involved shall be combined into a single account and a
461 single rate assigned to such account.

462 (b) Whenever a person who is not an employer or an
463 employing unit under this chapter at the time it acquires the
464 trade or business of an employer, the unemployment experience of
465 the acquired business shall not be transferred to such person if
466 the department finds that such person acquired the business solely
467 or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of



468 unemployment insurance contributions. Instead, such person shall
469 be assigned the new employer rate under Section 71-5-353. In
470 determining whether the business was acquired solely or primarily
471 for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of unemployment
472 insurance contributions, the department shall use objective
473 factors which may include the cost of acquiring the business,
474 whether the person continued the business enterprise of the
475 acquired business, how long such business enterprise was
476 continued, or whether a substantial number of new employees were
477 hired for performance of duties unrelated to the business activity
478 conducted prior to acquisition.

479 (c) (i) If a person knowingly violates or attempts to
480 violate paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection or any other
481 provision of this chapter related to determining the assignment of
482 a contribution rate, or if a person knowingly advises another
483 person in a way that results in a violation of such provision, the
484 person shall be subject to the following penalties:

485 1. If the person is an employer, then such
486 employer shall be assigned the highest rate assignable under this
487 chapter for the rate year during which such violation or attempted
488 violation occurred and the three (3) rate years immediately
489 following this rate year. However, if the person's business is
490 already at such highest rate for any year, or if the amount of
491 increase in the person's rate would be less than two percent (2%)
492 for such year, then a penalty rate of unemployment insurance



493 contributions of two percent (2%) of taxable wages shall be
494 imposed for such year. The penalty rate will apply to the
495 successor business as well as the related entity from which the
496 employees were transferred in an effort to obtain a lower rate of
497 unemployment insurance contributions.

498 2. If the person is not an employer, such
499 person shall be subject to a civil money penalty of not more than
500 Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). Each such transaction for
501 which advice was given and each occurrence or reoccurrence after
502 notification being given by the department shall be a separate
503 offense and punishable by a separate penalty. Any such fine shall
504 be deposited in the penalty and interest account established under
505 Section 71-5-114.

506 (ii) For purposes of this paragraph (c), the term
507 "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting with
508 deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition
509 involved.

510 (iii) For purposes of this paragraph (c), the term
511 "violates or attempts to violate" includes, but is not limited to,
512 intent to evade, misrepresentation or willful nondisclosure.

513 (iv) In addition to the penalty imposed by
514 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (c), any violation of this
515 subsection may be punishable by a fine of not more than Ten
516 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) or by imprisonment for not more than
517 five (5) years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. This



518 subsection shall prohibit prosecution under any other criminal
519 statute of this state.

520 (d) The department shall establish procedures to
521 identify the transfer or acquisition of a business for purposes of
522 this subsection.

523 (e) For purposes of this subsection:

524 (i) "Person" has the meaning given such term by
525 Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

526 (ii) "Employing unit" has the meaning as set forth
527 in Section 71-5-11.

528 (f) This subsection shall be interpreted and applied in
529 such a manner as to meet the minimum requirements contained in any
530 guidance or regulations issued by the United States Department of
531 Labor.

532 **SECTION 2.** Section 71-5-513, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
533 amended as follows:

534 71-5-513. A. An individual shall be disqualified for
535 benefits:

536 (1) (a) For the week, or fraction thereof, which
537 immediately follows the day on which he left work voluntarily
538 without good cause, if so found by the department, and for each
539 week thereafter until he has earned remuneration for personal
540 services performed for an employer, as in this chapter defined,
541 equal to not less than eight (8) times his weekly benefit amount,
542 as determined in each case; however, marital, filial and domestic



543 circumstances and obligations shall not be deemed good cause
544 within the meaning of this subsection. Pregnancy shall not be
545 deemed to be a marital, filial or domestic circumstance for the
546 purpose of this subsection.

547 (b) For the week, or fraction thereof, which
548 immediately follows the day on which he was discharged for
549 misconduct connected with his work, if so found by the department,
550 and for each week thereafter until he has earned remuneration for
551 personal services performed for an employer, as in this chapter
552 defined, equal to not less than eight (8) times his weekly benefit
553 amount, as determined in each case.

554 (c) The burden of proof of good cause for leaving
555 work shall be on the claimant, and the burden of proof of
556 misconduct shall be on the employer.

557 (2) For the week, or fraction thereof, with respect to
558 which he willfully makes a false statement, a false representation
559 of fact, or willfully fails to disclose a material fact for the
560 purpose of obtaining or increasing benefits under the provisions
561 of this law, if so found by the department, and such individual's
562 maximum benefit allowance shall be reduced by the amount of
563 benefits so paid to him during any such week of disqualification;
564 and additional disqualification shall be imposed for a period not
565 exceeding fifty-two (52) weeks, the length of such period of
566 disqualification and the time when such period begins to be



567 determined by the department, in its discretion, according to the
568 circumstances in each case.

569 (3) If the department finds that he has failed, without
570 good cause, either to apply for available suitable work when so
571 directed by the employment office or the department, to accept
572 suitable work when offered him, or to return to his customary
573 self-employment (if any) when so directed by the department, such
574 disqualification shall continue for the week in which such failure
575 occurred and for not more than the twelve (12) weeks which
576 immediately follow such week, as determined by the department
577 according to the circumstances in each case.

578 (a) In determining whether or not any work is
579 suitable for an individual, the department shall consider among
580 other factors the degree of risk involved to his health, safety
581 and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his
582 experience and prior earnings, his length of unemployment and
583 prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, and
584 the distance of the available work from his residence; however,
585 offered employment paying the minimum wage or higher, if such
586 minimum or higher wage is that prevailing for his customary
587 occupation or similar work in the locality, shall be deemed to be
588 suitable employment after benefits have been paid to the
589 individual for a period of eight (8) weeks.

590 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
591 chapter, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not



592 be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual
593 for refusing to accept new work under any of the following
594 conditions:

595 (i) If the position offered is vacant due
596 directly to a strike, lockout or other labor dispute;

597 (ii) If the wages, hours or other conditions
598 of the work offered are substantially unfavorable or unreasonable
599 to the individual's work. The department shall have the sole
600 discretion to determine whether or not there has been an
601 unfavorable or unreasonable condition placed on the individual's
602 work. Moreover, the department may consider, but shall not be
603 limited to a consideration of, whether or not the unfavorable
604 condition was applied by the employer to all workers in the same
605 or similar class or merely to this individual;

606 (iii) If as a condition of being employed the
607 individual would be required to join a company union or to resign
608 from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization;

609 (iv) If unsatisfactory or hazardous working
610 conditions exist that could result in a danger to the physical or
611 mental well-being of the worker. In any such determination the
612 department shall consider, but shall not be limited to a
613 consideration of, the following: the safety measures used or the
614 lack thereof and the condition of equipment or lack of proper
615 equipment. No work shall be considered hazardous if the working
616 conditions surrounding a worker's employment are the same or



617 substantially the same as the working conditions generally
618 prevailing among workers performing the same or similar work for
619 other employers engaged in the same or similar type of activity.

620 (c) Pursuant to Section 303(1) of the Social
621 Security Act (42 USCS 503), the department may conduct drug tests
622 of applicants for unemployment compensation for the unlawful use
623 of controlled substances as a condition for receiving such
624 compensation, if such applicant:

625 (i) Was terminated from employment with the
626 claimant's most recent employer, as defined by Mississippi law,
627 because of the unlawful use of controlled substances; or

628 (ii) Is an individual for whom suitable work,
629 as defined by Mississippi law, is only available in an occupation
630 (as determined under regulations issued by the U.S. Secretary of
631 Labor) that requires drug testing.

632 The department may deny unemployment compensation to any
633 applicant based on the result of a drug test conducted by the
634 department in accordance with this subsection. A positive drug
635 test result shall be deemed by the department to be a failure to
636 accept suitable work, and shall subject the applicant to the
637 disqualification provisions set forth in this subsection A(3).
638 During the disqualification period imposed by the department under
639 this subsection, the individual may provide information to end the
640 disqualification period early by submitting acceptable proof to



641 the department of a negative test result from a testing facility
642 approved by the department.

643 (iii) Pursuant to the provisions set forth in
644 this subsection A(3)(c), the department shall have the authority
645 to institute a random drug testing program for all individuals who
646 meet the requirements set forth in this section. Moreover, the
647 department shall have the authority to create the necessary
648 regulations, policies rules, guidelines and procedures to
649 implement such a program.

650 Any term or provision set forth in this subsection A(3)(c)
651 that otherwise conflicts with federal or state law shall be
652 disregarded but shall not, in any way, affect the remaining
653 provisions.

654 (4) For any week with respect to which the department
655 finds that his total unemployment is due to a stoppage of work
656 which exists because of a labor dispute at a factory,
657 establishment or other premises at which he is or was last
658 employed; however, this subsection shall not apply if it is shown
659 to the satisfaction of the department:

660 (a) He is unemployed due to a stoppage of work
661 occasioned by an unjustified lockout, if such lockout was not
662 occasioned or brought about by such individual acting alone or
663 with other workers in concert; or



664 (b) He is not participating in or directly
665 interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of work;
666 and

667 (c) He does not belong to a grade or class of
668 workers of which, immediately before the commencement of stoppage,
669 there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage
670 occurs, any of whom are participating in or directly interested in
671 the dispute.

672 If in any case separate branches of work which are commonly
673 conducted as separate businesses in separate premises are
674 conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such
675 department shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be deemed
676 to be a separate factory, establishment or other premises.

677 (5) For any week with respect to which he has received
678 or is seeking unemployment compensation under an unemployment
679 compensation law of another state or of the United States.
680 However, if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the
681 United States finally determines that he is not entitled to such
682 unemployment compensation benefits, this disqualification shall
683 not apply. Nothing in this subsection contained shall be
684 construed to include within its terms any law of the United States
685 providing unemployment compensation or allowances for honorably
686 discharged members of the Armed Forces.

687 (6) For any week with respect to which he is receiving
688 or has received remuneration in the form of payments under any



689 governmental or private retirement or pension plan, system or
690 policy which a base-period employer is maintaining or contributing
691 to or has maintained or contributed to on behalf of the
692 individual; however, if the amount payable with respect to any
693 week is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due under
694 Section 71-5-501, he shall be entitled to receive for such week,
695 if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of such
696 remuneration. However, on or after the first Sunday immediately
697 following July 1, 2001, no social security payments, to which the
698 employee has made contributions, shall be deducted from
699 unemployment benefits paid for any period of unemployment
700 beginning on or after the first Sunday following July 1, 2001.
701 This one hundred percent (100%) exclusion shall not apply to any
702 other governmental or private retirement or pension plan, system
703 or policy. If benefits payable under this section, after being
704 reduced by the amount of such remuneration, are not a multiple of
705 One Dollar (\$1.00), they shall be adjusted to the next lower
706 multiple of One Dollar (\$1.00).

707 (7) For any week with respect to which he is receiving
708 or has received remuneration in the form of a back pay award, or
709 other compensation allocable to any week, whether by settlement or
710 otherwise. Any benefits previously paid for weeks of unemployment
711 with respect to which back pay awards, or other such compensation,
712 are made shall constitute an overpayment and such amounts shall be
713 deducted from the award by the employer prior to payment to the



714 employee, and shall be transmitted promptly to the department by
715 the employer for application against the overpayment and credit to
716 the claimant's maximum benefit amount and prompt deposit into the
717 fund; however, the removal of any charges made against the
718 employer as a result of such previously paid benefits shall be
719 applied to the calendar year and the calendar quarter in which the
720 overpayment is transmitted to the department, and no attempt shall
721 be made to relate such a credit to the period to which the award
722 applies. Any amount of overpayment so deducted by the employer
723 and not transmitted to the department shall be subject to the same
724 procedures for collection as is provided for contributions by
725 Sections 71-5-363 through 71-5-381. Any amount of overpayment not
726 deducted by the employer shall be established as an overpayment
727 against the claimant and collected as provided above. It is the
728 purpose of this paragraph to assure equity in the situations to
729 which it applies, and it shall be construed accordingly.

730 B. Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, no
731 otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any
732 week because he is in training with the approval of the
733 department; nor shall such individual be denied benefits with
734 respect to any week in which he is in training with the approval
735 of the department by reason of the application of provisions in
736 Section 71-5-511, subsection (c), relating to availability for
737 work, or the provisions of subsection A(3) of this section,



738 relating to failure to apply for, or a refusal to accept, suitable
739 work.

740 C. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no
741 otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any
742 week because he or she is in training approved under Section
743 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, nor shall such individual be
744 denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter such training,
745 provided the work left is not suitable employment, or because of
746 the application to any such week in training of provisions in this
747 law (or any applicable federal unemployment compensation law),
748 relating to availability for work, active search for work or
749 refusal to accept work.

750 For purposes of this section, the term "suitable employment"
751 means with respect to an individual, work of a substantially equal
752 or higher skill level than the individual's past adversely
753 affected employment (as defined for purposes of the Trade Act of
754 1974), and wages for such work at not less than eighty percent
755 (80%) of the individual's average weekly wage as determined for
756 the purposes of the Trade Act of 1974.

757 D. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no
758 otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any
759 week in which they are engaged in the Self-Employment Assistance
760 Program established in Section 71-5-545 by reason of the
761 application of Section 71-5-511(c), relating to availability for
762 work, or the provisions of subsection A(3) of this section,



763 relating to failure to apply for, or a refusal to accept, suitable
764 work.

765 E. Any individual who is receiving benefits may participate
766 in an approved training program under the Mississippi Employment
767 Security Law to gain skills that may lead to employment while
768 continuing to receive benefits. Authorization for participation
769 of a recipient of unemployment benefits in such a program must be
770 granted by the department and continuation of participation must
771 be certified weekly by the participant recipient. While
772 participating in such program approved by the department,
773 availability and work search requirements will be waived. No
774 individual will be allowed to participate in this program for more
775 than twelve (12) weeks in any benefit year. Such participation
776 shall not be considered employment for any purposes and shall not
777 accrue benefits or wage credits. Participation in this training
778 program shall meet the definition set forth in the U.S. Fair Labor
779 Standards Act.

780 F. (1) For purposes of this subsection F, the following
781 terms have the meanings ascribed herein:

782 (a) "Department" means the Mississippi Department
783 of Employment Security.

784 (b) "Integrity Data Hub" means the centralized,
785 multistate data analysis tool utilized by the National Association
786 of State Workforce Agencies, which allows participating state
787 unemployment insurance agencies to cross-match unemployment



788 insurance claims against a database of information associated with
789 potentially fraudulent claims or overpayments.

790 (c) "National Directory of New Hires" means the
791 database that stores personal and financial data on employed
792 individuals across the country and contains information and data
793 on individuals receiving unemployment compensation.

794 (d) "New hire records" means the directory of
795 newly hired and re-hired employees reported under state and
796 federal law and managed by the Child Support Unit of the
797 Mississippi Department of Human Services.

798 (e) "Unemployment insurance rolls" means
799 unemployed workers receiving unemployment insurance in this state.

800 (2) The department shall be charged with the
801 responsibility of enhancing the integrity of the state's
802 unemployment insurance program.

803 (3) To ensure the integrity of the unemployment
804 insurance program and to verify eligibility and to prevent
805 fraudulent filing and payment of claims, the department is
806 required to do the following:

807 (a) The department may use commercially available
808 database solutions to check new hire records against the state's
809 unemployment insurance rolls on a weekly basis.

810 (b) The department, on a weekly basis, shall check
811 new hire records against the National Directory of New Hires.



812 (c) The department shall check the Integrity Data
813 Hub or another commercially available database.

814 (d) The department, on a weekly basis, shall check
815 the unemployment insurance rolls against the Mississippi
816 Department of Corrections' list of incarcerated individuals.

817 (4) When the department receives information concerning
818 an individual who is participating in the unemployment
819 compensation insurance program that indicates a change in
820 circumstances that may affect his eligibility, the department
821 shall review the individual's case and make a final determination
822 of his eligibility.

823 (5) Pursuant to the performance of all cross-match
824 activities required by this subsection, the Mississippi Department
825 of Employment Security shall provide to the Legislature a report
826 on or before June 30th annually. The report shall include all of
827 the following:

828 (a) The department's rate of consistency in
829 performing the weekly checks against the Integrity Data Hub or
830 another commercially available database and the National Directory
831 of New Hires.

832 (b) The type and amount of improper payments
833 detected retroactively.

834 (c) The type and amount of improper payments
835 prevented.



836 (d) The dollar amount the state has saved in
837 preventing improper payments and, if any, in recouping improper
838 payments.

839 (6) The department shall have the authority to execute
840 a memorandum of understanding with any state department, agency or
841 division for data that is necessary to carry out the purposes of
842 this subsection F.

843 (7) The Mississippi Department of Employment Security
844 shall promulgate all rules and regulations necessary for the
845 purposes of carrying out the provisions of this subsection F.

846 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
847 and after July 1, 2021.

